Marking up a chapter helps you interact with the information you’re learning. This helps you understand and remember it more efficiently.

**Annotate.** Jot down quick notes, inserting your own examples, drawing symbols, and writing quick summaries in your own words in the margins of the book or article or on sticky notes attached to the page. This helps you engage with the information more carefully.

**Highlight and Underline** to identify main points and key content. These offer a quick and easy way to spotlight important points and locate that information later when you’re studying. Read each section before you make any marks to avoid errors. Underline vocabulary words and key points. Highlights should summarize the information you need to learn.

**Take Notes.** The goal is to read the material and take thorough notes so later you’ll study directly from both sources. Textbook notes can help you look for the answers to purposeful reading questions, create summaries of key information, and record where to find important diagrams or charts in the chapter.